

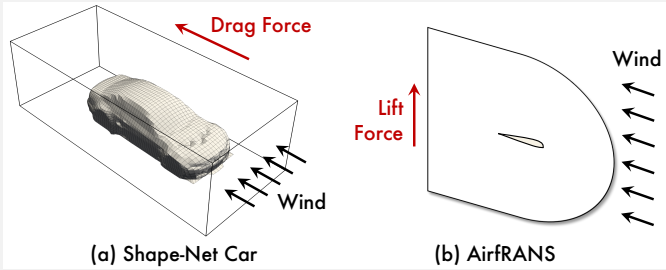


Transolver: A Fast Transformer Solver for PDEs on General Geometries



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A Practical PDE Solver Should Handle Large-Scale Unstructured Meshes

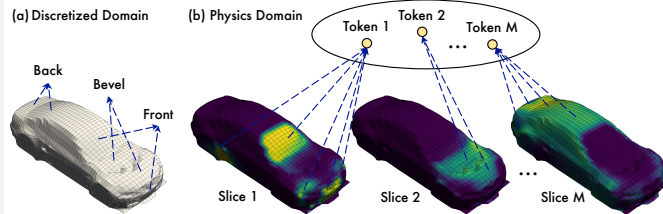


Previous work: Geometric deep learning, Linear Transformer (directly applying attention to mesh points, **over 10k tokens**)

RULER: The effective length of GPT-4 is 64k

Challenges: Geometry, Physics, Efficiency

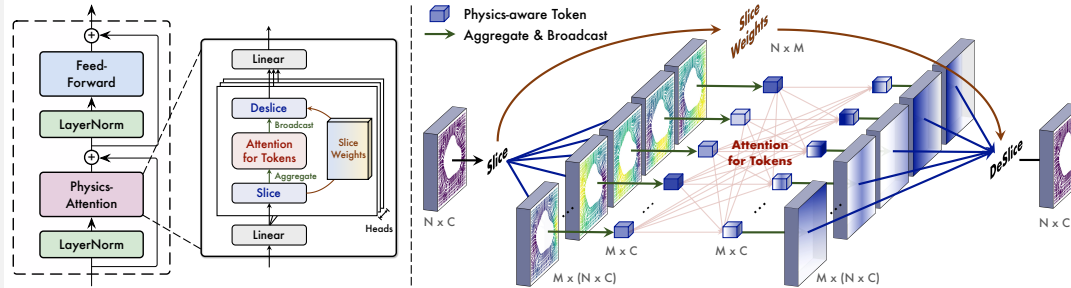
Key Insight: Getting rid of superficial and unwieldy meshes, learning **intrinsic physical states** underlying geometries



All the code, data and scripts are in <https://github.com/thuml/Transolver>



Transolver: Making Transformers good at solving PDEs



Tokenize: Learning physics-aware tokens

$$\{\mathbf{w}_i\}_{i=1}^N = \{\text{Softmax}(\text{Project}(\mathbf{x}_i))\}_{i=1}^N$$

$$\mathbf{s}_j = \{\mathbf{w}_{i,j} \mathbf{x}_i\}_{i=1}^N$$

$$\mathbf{z}_j = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{s}_{j,i}}{\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{w}_{i,j}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{w}_{i,j} \mathbf{x}_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N \mathbf{w}_{i,j}}$$

- Assign each point to M "classes"
- Separate feature to M "slices"
- Globally weighted sum features on each slice for M physics-aware tokens

Physics-Attention: Applying attention to learned physics tokens

Physics-Attention is equivalent to learnable integral on input domain

22% Error Reduction on Six Standard Benchmarks
Excels in Industrial-level simulations

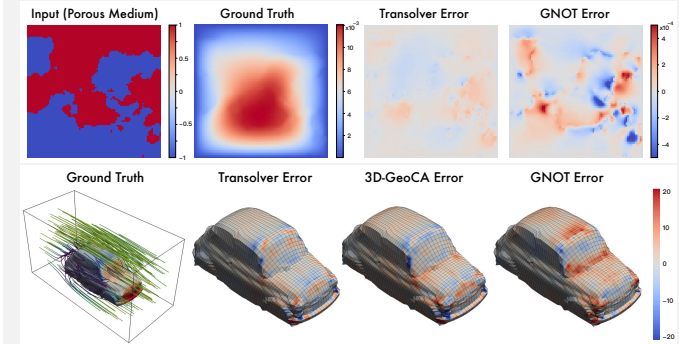
More than 20 baselines: FNO, LSM, GNOT, ONO, GUNet, etc

Number of Mesh points: ranging from 972 to 32,186

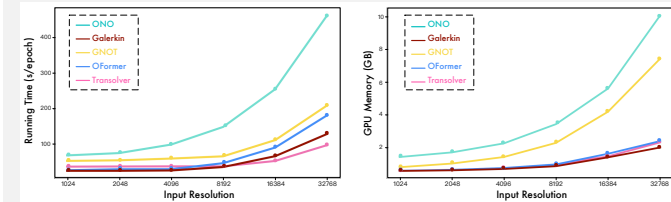
MODEL ($\times 10^{-2}$)	POINT CLOUD	STRUCTURED MESH		REGULAR GRID		UNSTRUCTURED MESH		
	ELASTICITY	PLASTICITY	AIRFOIL	PIPE	NAVIER-STOKES	DARCY	SHAPE-NET CAR	AIRFRANS
PREVIOUS SOTA	0.86 (GNOT)	0.17 (OFORMER)	0.59 (LSM)	0.47 (GNOT)	11.95 (ONO)	0.65 (LSM)	98.42 (3D-GeoCA)	99.64 (GRAPHSAGE)
TRANSOLVER	0.64	0.12	0.53	0.33	9.00	0.57	99.35	99.78
PROMOTION	25.6%	29.4%	10.2%	29.7%	24.7%	12.3%	-	-

We list Spearman's correlation of drag/lift coefficient for Car and AirFRANS, rL2 for others

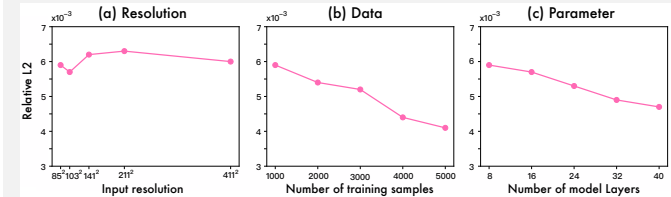
Showcases: Complex geometries, hybrid physics



Efficiency: Linear complexity w.r.t mesh points



Scalability: Benefit from large data and model



OOD generalizability: Test on unseen PDEs

MODELS	OOD REYNOLDS		OOD ANGLES	
	$C_L \downarrow$	$\rho_L \uparrow$	$C_L \downarrow$	$\rho_L \uparrow$
SIMPLE MLP	0.6205	0.9578	0.4128	0.9572
GRAPHSAGE (2017)	0.4333	0.9707	0.2538	0.9894
POINTNET (2017)	0.3836	0.9806	0.4425	0.9784
GRAPH U-NET (2019)	0.4664	0.9645	0.3756	0.9816
MESHGRAPHNET (2021)	1.7718	0.7631	0.6525	0.8927
GNO (2020A)	0.4408	0.9878	0.3038	0.9884
GALERKIN (2021)	0.4615	0.9826	0.3814	0.9821
GNOT (2023)	0.3268	0.9865	0.3497	0.9868
GINO (2023A)	0.4180	0.9645	0.2583	0.9923
TRANSOLVER (OURS)	0.2996	0.9896	0.1500	0.9950

